

# 1Z0-147

## Oracle

### Oracle9i: Program with PL/SQL

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**Question: 1**

What can you do with the DBMS\_LOB package?

- A - Use the DBMS\_LOB WRITE procedure to write data to a BFILE.
- B - Use the DBMS\_LOB .BFILENAME function to locate an external BFILE.
- C - Use the DBMS\_LOB.FILEEXISTS function to find the location of a BFILE.
- D- Use the DBMS\_LOB.FILECLOSE procedure to close the file being accessed.

**Answer: D**

**Question: 2**

Examine this procedure: CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE ADD\_PLAYER (V\_ID IN NUMBER, V\_LAST\_NAME VARCHAR2) IS BEGIN INSERT INTO PLAYER (ID LAST\_NAME) VALUES (V\_ID, V\_LAST\_NAME); COMMIT; END; This procedure must invoke the UPD\_BAT\_STAT procedure and pass a parameter. Which statement, when added to the above procedure, will successfully invoke the UPD\_BAT\_STAT procedure?

- A - EXECUTE UPD\_BAT\_STAT(V\_ID);
- B - UPD\_BAT\_STAT(V\_ID);
- C - RUN UPD\_BAT\_STAT(V\_ID);
- D - START UPD\_BAT\_STAT(V\_ID);

**Answer: B**

**Question: 3**

Which three describe a stored procedure? (Choose three.)

- A. A stored procedure is typically written in SQL.
- B. By default, a stored procedure executes with the privileges of its owner.
- C. A stored procedure has three parts: the specification, the body, and the exception handler part.
- D. A stored procedure is stored in the database and can be shared by a number of programs.
- E. A stored procedure offers some advantages over a standalone SQL statement, such as programmable functionality and compiled code.

**Answer: B, D, E**

**Question: 4**

Examine this package: CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE pack\_cur IS CURSOR c1 IS SELECT prodid FROM product ORDER BY prodid DESC; PROCEDURE prod; PROCEDURE proc2; END pack\_cur; /CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE BODY pack\_cur IS v\_prodid NUMBER; PROCEDURE prod IS BEGIN OPEN c1; LOOP FETCH c1 INTO v\_prodid; DBMS\_OUTPUT.PUT\_LINE('Row is: '||v\_prodid); EXIT WHEN v\_prodid = 3; END LOOP; END prod; PROCEDURE proc2 IS BEGIN LOOP FETCH c1 INTO v\_prodid; DBMS\_OUTPUT.PUT\_LINE('Row is: '||v\_prodid); EXIT WHEN v\_prodid = 6; END LOOP; CLOSE c1; END proc2; END pack\_cur; / The product table has more than 1000 rows. The SQL\*Plus SERVEROUTPUT setting is turned on in your session. The product table has more than 1000 rows. The SQL\*Plus SERVEROUTPUT setting is turned on in your session. The product table has more than 1000 rows. The SQL\*Plus SERVEROUTPUT setting is turned on in your session. You execute the procedure PROC1 from SQL\*Plus with the command: EXECUTE pack\_cur.prod; The product table has more than 1000 rows. The SQL\*Plus SERVEROUTPUT setting is turned on in your session. You execute the procedure PROC 1 from SQL\*Plus with the command: EXECUTE pack\_cur.proc1. You execute the procedure PROC1 from SQL\*Plus with the command:

EXECUTE pack\_cur.proc1. You execute the procedure PROC1 from SQL\*Plus with the command: EXECUTE pack\_cur.proc1 What is the output in your session? EXECUTE pack\_cur.proc l. What is the output in your session? What is the output in your session? A. ERROR at line 1: What is the output in your session? A. ERROR at line 1: A. ERROR at line 1: B. Row is:

- A - ERROR at line 1:
- B - Row is:
- C - Row is:
- D - Row is: Row is:
- F - Row is: 1 Row is:
- F - Row is: 1 Row is: 2
- G - Row is: 1 Row is: 2 Row is: 3
- H - Row is: 1 Row is: 2 Row is: 3 Row is: 2 Row is: 3
- I - Row is: 4
- J - 1- Row is: 4 Row is: 5
- K - Row is: 4 Row is: 5 Row is: 6 Row: 5 Row is: 6

**Answer: E, F, G, H**

**Question: 5**

Examine this procedure: CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE INSERT\_TEAM (V\_ID in NUMBER, V\_CITY in VARCHAR2 DEFAULT 'AUSTIN', V\_NAME in VARCHAR2) IS BEGIN INSERT INTO TEAM (id, city, name) VALUES (v\_id, v\_city, v\_name); COMMIT; END; Which two statements will successfully invoke this procedure in SQL\*Plus? (Choose two.)

- A. EXECUTE INSERT\_TEAM;
- B. EXECUTE INSERT\_TEAM(3, V\_NAME=&gt;'LONGHORNS', V\_CITY=&gt;'AUSTIN');
- C. EXECUTE INSERT\_TEAM(3,'AUSTIN','LONGHORNS');
- D. EXECUTE INSERT\_TEAM (VID =3, V\_NAME := 'LONGHORNS', V\_CITY := 'AUSTIN');
- E. EXECUTE INSERT\_TEAM (3,'LONGHORNS');

**Answer: B, C**

**Question: 6**

You need to create a DML trigger. Which five pieces need to be identified? (Choose five.)

- A - table
- B - DML event
- C - trigger body
- D - package body
- F - package name
- F - trigger name
- G - system event
- H - trigger timing

**Answer: A, B, C, F, H**

**Question: 7**

This statement fails when executed: CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER CALC\_TEAM\_AVG AFTER INSERT ON PLAYER BEGIN INSERT INTO PLAYER BAT\_STAT (PLAYER ID, SEASON YEAR, AT\_BATS, HIT5) VALUES (:NEW.ID, 1997, 0, 0); END; To which type must you convert the trigger to correct the error?

- A - row

- B - statement
- C - ORACLE FORM trigger
- D - before

**Answer: A**

**Question: 8**

Examine this package:

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE discounts
IS
  g_id NUMBER := 7839;
  discount_rate NUMBER := 0.00;
  PROCEDURE display_price (p_price NUMBER);
END discounts;
/
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE BODY discounts
IS
  PROCEDURE display_price (p_price NUMBER)
  IS
  BEGIN
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Discounted ' ||
      TO_CHAR(p_price*NVL(discount_rate, 1)));
  END display_price;
  BEGIN
    discount_rate := 0.10;
  END discounts;
/
```

Which statement is true?

- A. The value of DISCOUNT\_PATE always remains 0.00 in a session.
- B. The value of DISCOUNT\_PATE is set to 0.10 each time the package is invoked in a session.
- C. The value of DISCOUNT\_PATE is set to 1 .00 each time the procedure DISPLAY\_PPICE is invoked.
- D. The value of DISCOUNT\_PATE is set to 0.10 when the package is invoked for the first time in a session.

**Answer: D**

**Question: 9**

Examine this code:

```

CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE comm_package
IS
    g_comm NUMBER := 10;
    PROCEDURE reset_comm(p_comm IN NUMBER);
END comm_package;
/

```

User Jones executes the following code at 9:01am:

```
EXECUTE comm_package.g_comm := 15
```

User Smith executes the following code at 9:05am:

```
EXECUTE comm_package.g_comm := 20
```

Which statement is true?

- A - g\_comm has a value of 15 at 9:06am for Smith.
- B - g\_comm has a value of 15 at 9:06am for Jones.
- C - g\_comm has a value of 20 at 9:06am for both Jones and Smith.
- D - g\_comm has a value of 15 at 9:03am for both Jones and Smith.
- E - g\_comm has a value of 10 at 9:06am for both Jones and Smith.
- F - g\_comm has a value of 10 at 9:03am for both Jones and Smith.

**Answer: B**

**Question: 10**

Examine this code:

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION gen_email_name
(p_first_name VARCHAR2, p_last_name VARCHAR2, p_id NUMBER)
RETURN VARCHAR2
IS
    v_email_name VARCHAR2(19);
BEGIN
    v_email_name := SUBSTR(p_first_name, 1, 1) ||
                   SUBSTR(p_last_name, 1, 7) ||
                   '@Oracle.com';
    UPDATE employees
    SET    email = v_email_name
    WHERE employee_id = p_id;
    RETURN v_email_name;
END;

```

Which statement removes the function?

- A - DROP gen\_email\_name;
- B - REMOVE gen\_email\_name;
- C - DELETE gen\_email\_name;
- D - TRUNCATE gen\_email\_name;
- E - DROP FUNCTION gen\_email\_name;
- F - ALTER FUNCTION gen\_email\_name REMOVE;

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